Name _____

<u>Chapter 5 Test Study Guide</u>

I. <u>Famous People</u>

Jethro Tull: (p. 133)

Lord Townshend (p. 133)

John Kay: (pp. 136-137)

James Hargreaves (p. 137)

Richard Arkwright (p. 138)

Thomas Newcomen (p. 138)

James Watt: (pp. 138-139)

Abraham Darby (p. 139)

James Macadam (p. 140)

George Stephenson (p. 141)

II. <u>Terms</u>

<u>commons</u>: (p. 130)

broadcast: (p. 133)

enclosure: (p. 130)

franchise (p. 134)

<u>clothier</u>: (p. 143)

entrepreneur: (p. 134)

<u>breed</u>: (p. 132)

<u>crofter</u>: (p. 155)

clearances: (p. 155)

speculators: (p. 155)

III. Long Answer Questions

1. What was one of the first strategies used in improving roads in England? Describe how this system worked. (p. 140) (3 marks)

2. Explain what is meant by the "law of supply and demand" and how it related to the cottage textile industry. (pp. 143-144) (3 marks)

3. What factor made children particularly useful workers in some industries? Provide two examples where this factor was used to an industry's advantage. (p. 147) (3 marks)

4. Chose any inventor from the Industrial Revolution, describe his invention, and the impact it had on this period. (4 marks)

5. Describe what "enclosure" was and how it impacted upon small farmers during the Industrial Revolution. (p. 130) (3 marks)

6. Name four things that Britain had that allowed it to take an early lead in the Industrial Revolution. (p. 130) (4 marks)